

## ADVERTISING RATES!

OFFICE IN TRIMMEL'S BLOCK  
South West corner of Main and PleasantTERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
Two dollars per year post at the time of subscribing.  
Each additional insertion do

For one week or less insertion,	\$1.00
Each additional insertion	25
Three months	3.00
Six months	5.00
One year	10.00

Announcing a candidate or office, names in advance, \$1.00.

Advertisers' premiums to be paid in advance, \$1.00.

Cent. 1000 copies, \$1.00, quarterly, \$1.00.

Cents longer than one quarter, \$1.00.

A. J. MORSE Proprietor.

## THE CYNTHIANA NEWS.

DEVOTED TO POLITICS, NEWS, LITERATURE, EDUCATION, &amp;C.

VOLUME 6.

CYNTHIANA, KY., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 11 1856. NUMBER 49

**THE DEMOCRATIC PANIC IN PENNSYLVANIA.**—In the past forty-eight hours a large number of our citizens have returned from a visit to the Eastern States, and bear concurrent and overwhelming testimony to the effect that there is no cause whatever, for Mr. Buchanan to carry his own State of Pennsylvania.—A prominent Democrat of this city—one of the most ardent and valiant members of the Democratic party, and who has just returned from the State, says that the Democratic party give up the State, and that, from what he saw and heard, he has no hope whatever, that Mr. Buchanan can carry Pennsylvania!

Our readers will remember that we have lately published numerous extracts from Eastern papers showing the numerous and constantly increasing defections from the Democratic party in Pennsylvania to the Fremont party.

These defections have now become so large and their ratio so constantly increasing that the Democratic party in the State are completely panic-stricken, and the cool and dispassionate members of it admit that the State is irretrievably lost to Mr. Buchanan.—*Lou. Jour.*

**OUT FOR FILMORE.**—The Republican of Mercer, Pa., has pulled down the Fremont flag and raised that of Fillmore and Donelson. It is an able journal, and will do good work for the American cause.

The Bloomville Mirror, New York, hoists the banner of Fillmore and Donelson, with the determination to push forward the great work.

Within the last few days, three more influential papers in New Jersey have abandoned Squatter Sovereigntyism and come out for Fillmore and Donelson and the Union.

The Templar and Watchman, at Ithica, New York, runs up the Fillmore and Donelson flag.

The Culpepper [Va.] Observer has come out for Fillmore—formerly neutral.

The Winchester (Scott County, Illinois) Chronicle, heretofore neutral, in its last issue hoists the Fillmore and Donelson flag.

The Grayville Herald (Illinois) has raised the banner of Fillmore and Donelson.

The Somers (Ga.) Herald, one of the ablest papers in the mining regions, also hoists the American flag, and is doing stout battle for Fillmore and Donelson.

The San Diego Herald, formerly the organ of the Democratic party in the southern portion of Alta California, is out for Fillmore and Donelson. Its editor, J. Judson Ames, says he can't stand that party any longer.

The Conservative, a Fillmore journal, has just been started at Springfield, Illinois.

The Union, at Somerville, N. J., has just issued its first number. It supports Fillmore and Donelson.

A new American paper, the American Sentinel, has been started at Harrisburg, Pa. It has the names of Fillmore and Donelson flying at its masthead.

The Fillmore and Donelson Club of Chillicothe, Ohio, have established a new Fillmore paper there, called the Union Flag.

The Courier, a Whig paper published at St. Martinsville, La., has put up the Fillmore and Donelson banner.

The Sing Sing (N. Y.) Chronicle of last week hoisted the names of Fillmore and Donelson, and heartily enlists under the American banner.

The editor of the Brownsburg (Tenn.) Journal has abandoned the Democratic party and declared his adhesion to Fillmore and Donelson.

**A FREMONT CLUB GONE OVER IN A BODY.**—We learn from the Louisville Journal, that the Fremont Club of Paintsville, Ulster county, 130 strong, held a meeting last Saturday night, and, after some conversation, rolled up their Fremont Banner and threw it into the fire, and then marched over in a body to the Fillmore headquarters and joined the Fillmore Club.

Such things are going on all over the State of New York. Men from the Fremont ranks, and men from the Buchanan ranks are daily joining the Fillmore party, under the conviction that it is the only party, which, by the election of its candidate, can restore peace and harmony to the nation. We shall be surprised if Fillmore does not carry New York by a far heavier majority than that great State has ever yet given for any candidate for the Presidency.

Vermont Election.

Montpelier Vt., Tuesday, September 2.

The State election was held to-day. The returns, as far as received, indicate the polling of a large vote, and a large increase over the Republican majority of last year.

Fletcher, Republican, for Governor, is considered elected by twenty thousand majority.

The Republican members of Congress and nearly the entire Republican Legislature are elected.

**The Bank Abolitionists Going for Buchanan.**

The Van Buren, Bentons, Groesbecks, and other distinguished free-soilers, "knew their man," when they declared themselves in favor of Buchanan.—So we suppose do the abolitionists, who, according to the Cincinnati Commercial, have come out for Buchanan.

It instances Judge Matthews and the Ward family at Cincinnati, and William Lloyd Garrison, Parker Pillsbury, and Wendell Phillips of Massachusetts, who are now working for him. The Free-Soil party is not rabid enough for them, and they go for Buchanan in the belief that, under his administration, there will be the best chance for a continuance of the slavery agitation.

The anti-slavery standard, of Massachusetts, and the anti-slavery Bugle, of Ohio, both organs of the radical abolitionists, are for Buchanan.

**CORONER'S INQUIRY.**—Coroner Sowards held an inquest on Friday last, over the body of a man found about eight miles from Georgetown, near the Cincinnati pike, who had shot himself from some cause unknown to the jury, who rendered a verdict accordingly. On his person was found a small blank book, in which the name of John F. Crawford was found written in several places. He was about 35 years of age, six feet in height, and had black hair. The name of Albert Crawford, was also written in the book, and from various memorandums found, it is supposed he was from Maysville.—Georgetown Journal.

**CLEAR THE WAY FOR FILMORE BETS.**

We take the following from the Georgia Citizen:

"I will bet \$100,000 that Fillmore carries Tennessee, \$150,000 that he receives a plurality in New York, \$150,000 that Buchanan will not carry Pennsylvania, \$500,000 that he don't get any State north of humpback line, 'ten cents,' that the 'wooley hoss' beats the Federal flag in the popular vote of the Union, and \$600,000 that Millard Fillmore is the next President of the United States—the whole to be taken together, and the money to be deposited in Kilbree's Financial Institute, Dalton, Georgia, where perfection in the sublime art of banking may be acquired in a few easy lessons."

Another, up in Rome, Georgia, offers the following lists, all to be taken together:

"I will bet \$1000 that Fillmore gets one county in Georgia; \$1000 that Fillmore gets two counties in Georgia; \$1000 that Fillmore gets four counties in Georgia; \$1000 that Fillmore gets the popular vote of Georgia; \$1000 that Fillmore gets one of the United States; \$1000 that Fillmore gets Kentucky; \$1000 that Fillmore gets 20,000 votes in Georgia; \$1000 that Fillmore gets 21,000 votes in Georgia; \$1000 that Fillmore gets 22,000 votes in Georgia; \$1000 that Fillmore gets more of the popular vote than Buchanan; \$1000 that Fillmore is elected President; \$1000 that no Democrat can be found to take these bets."

A friend at our elbow says he will bet a "Jimmy," ten cents, that the anties will not lift these bets. Come, ye deluded anties, face the music, as you now have a chance to dance.

Mr. Hyde of the Brunswick and Judge Musser of the Gazette "left their county for their country's good," to join the friends of Law and Order in Kansas Territory in their effort to maintain the rights of the South, and to protect the citizens of the Territory against the murderous assails of the villainous Abolitionists.

Nathaniel P. Banks; Chase, Sumner, Foster, Wilson, Cleveland, the Van Buren, Mallett, Butler, Preston King—and nearly all the leaders, have always been honored by the Democracy as the bright and shining lights of that party.

Foreignism and Abolitionism are the two great elements which, with the cohesive power of public plunder, kept the Democracy in the ascendancy.

11th. Free and thorough investigation into any and all alleged abuses of public functionaries, and a strict economy in the public expenditures.

12th. The maintenance and enforcement of all laws until said laws shall be repealed, or shall be declared null and void by competent judicial authority.

13th. Opposition to the reckless and unwise policy of the present administration in the general management of our national affairs, and more especially as shown in removing "Americans" (designation) and conservative in, principal, from office, and placing foreigners and outsiders in their places; as shown in truckling subserviently to the stronger, and insolent and cowardly brawdo towards the weaker powers, as shown in repealing sectional agitation, by repeal of the Missouri Compromise; as shown in granting to unnaturalized foreigners the right to suffrage in Kansas Nebraska; as shown in the removal of Judge Bronson from the Collectorship of New York upon false and untenable grounds as shown in the corruptions which provide some of the departments of the government as shown in disgracing meritorious naval officers through prejudice or mean caprice, and as shown in the blundering mismanagement of our foreign relations.

14th. Therefore, to remedy existing evils, and prevent the disastrous consequences otherwise resulting therefrom, we would build up the "American party" upon the principles herein before stated, eschewing all sectional questions, and uniting upon those purely national, and admitting into said party all American citizens, (referred to in the 3d, 4th, and 5th sections) who openly avowed the principles and opinions heretofore expressed, and who will subscribe their names to this platform. Provided, nevertheless, that a majority of those members present at any meeting of a local council where an application applies for membership in the American party, may, for any reason by them deemed sufficient, deny admission to such applicant.

15th. A free and open discussion of all political principles embraced in our platform.

JOSEPH H. BRADLEY, President.

JNO L. SMITH, Secretary.

Buchanan's Prospects in California.

It is a significant fact that all the law and order or anti-Vigilance papers, the San Francisco Herald included, have hoisted the nominees of the Cincinnati Convention.—Even the Globe (Dein.) which whilom was among the most rabid Vigilant organs, has turned with all its venom upon the Committee. All the Journals have less or more to say against the Democratic platform, and particularly because it does not countenance the Pacific Railroad question.

**VAN BUREN'S PLATFORM.**—In 1848, Martin Van Buren thus avowed his position;

"We inscribe on our banner, 'free soil, free speech, free labor, and free men,' and under will fight on, and fight ever, until a triumphant victory shall reward our exertions."

He is now fighting under Buchanan's banner, advocating that Mr. Buchanan's policy will enable the Free-soilers to obtain everything they have ever contended for more easily and certainly than they could have expected.

Montpelier Vt., Tuesday, September 2.

The State election was held to-day. The returns, as far as received, indicate the polling of a large vote, and a large increase over the Republican majority of last year.

Fletcher, Republican, for Governor, is considered elected by twenty thousand majority.

The Republican members of Congress and nearly the entire Republican Legislature are elected.

**The Cincinnati Union Convention.**—This must have been a grand affair, judging from all we have heard. An immense concourse of people was present on both sides of the river. The city papers estimate the number, strangers and citizens present on the Ohio side, at fifty thousand, and those who were on both sides, say the Kentucky shores were densely crowded. There could not have been less than ninety thousand persons present to witness the beautiful and inspiring ceremony of uniting the Union which, amid salvos of artillery, the thrilling strains of the numerous bands of music, the waving of banners and heartfelt huzzas of the vast multitude, took place on the river at sunset. Every lover of the Union ought to have been there. It was truly a proud day for the Fillmore Americans, and struck terror to the reckless and unprincipled politicians who oppose them. There were about five hundred delegates from Highland, at least two hundred of whom were from this place. They all returned on Thursday and were received by their friends at the Depot with nine cheers. The train on which this delegation went down, was literally covered with American flags, and a more enthusiastic delegation has not represented old Highland aboard since the glorious days of '40.

**THE RAIL ROAD CAMPAIGN BETWEEN COVINGTON AND LOUISVILLE.**—The Rail Road companies between Covington and Louisville have given notice that they will transport stock intended for exhibition at the approaching Fairs, free of charge. To guard against frauds, they require that the regular fare shall be prepaid to the agent when the stock is shipped, and the money will be refunded upon the presentation, within one week after the close of the exhibition, of a certificate from the secretary of the association, that the stock or other article has been exhibited. The companies will not be responsible for any damage or accident that may happen to the property while on their roads. Early notice should be given, at the stations where it is intended to make shipments.

**AMERICAN PLATFORM.**—At a meeting of the chief Council of the American Party for the District of Columbia, composed of delegates from the subordinate councils of the district, the following Platitudes of principles and opinions, was recommended to the National and State councils of the American party for adoption.

1st. An humble acknowledgement to the Supreme Being who rules the universe, for his protecting care vouch'd to our fathers in their successful Revolutionary struggle, and hitherto manifested to us, their descendants, in the preservation of the Liberties, the independence, and the union of these States.

2d. The perpetuation of the Federal Union as the palladium of our civil and religious liberties, and the only safe bulwark of American Independence.

3d. AMERICANS MUST RULE AMERICA, and to this end, NATIVE BORN CITIZENS should be elected for all State, Federal and municipal offices, of government employment, in preference to naturalized citizens, never, however;

4th. Persons born of American parents residing temporarily abroad, should be entitled to all the rights of native born citizens but, should be excluded from the right of voting.

5th. No person should be selected for political station (whether of native or foreign birth,) who recognizes any allegiance or obligation of any description to any foreign prince, potentate, or power, or who refuses to recognize the Federal or State constitutions [each within its sphere] as paramount to all other laws, as rules of political action.

6th. The unqualified recognition and maintenance of the reserved rights of the several States, and the cultivation of harmony and fraternal good will, between the citizens of the several States, and to this end, non-interference by each State with the affairs of any other State.

7th. The recognition of the right of the native and foreign-born citizens of the United States, permanently residing in any Territory thereof, to frame their constitution and laws, and to regulate their domestic affairs in their own mode, subject only to the provisions of the Federal Constitution, with the right of admission into the Union whenever they have the requisite population for one representative in congress. Provided, always, that none but those who are citizens of the United States, under the constitution and laws thereof, and who have fixed residence in such a Territory, ought to participate in the formation of a constitution, or in the enactment of laws for said Territory or State.

8th. An enforcement of the principle that no State or Territory can admit others, native-born citizens to the right of suffrage, or of holding political office, unless such persons shall have been naturalised to the laws of the United States.

9th. A charge in the laws of naturalization making a continued residence of twenty-one years, of all not heretofore provided for, an indispensable requisite for citizenship in congress. Provided, always, that none but those who are citizens of the United States, under the constitution and laws thereof, and who have fixed residence in such a Territory, ought to participate in the formation of a constitution, or in the enactment of laws for said Territory or State.

10th. Opposition to any union between Church and State, no interference with religious faith, or worship, and no test oaths for office, except those indicated in the 5th section of this platform.

11th. Free and thorough investigation into any and all alleged abuses of public functionaries, and a strict economy in the public expenditures.

12th. The maintenance and enforcement of all laws until said laws shall be repealed, or shall be declared null and void by competent judicial authority.

13th. Opposition to the reckless and unwise policy of the present administration in the general management of our national affairs, and more especially as shown in removing "Americans" (designation) and conservative in, principal, from office, and placing foreigners and outsiders in their places; as shown in truckling subserviently to the stronger, and insolent and cowardly brawdo towards the weaker powers, as shown in repealing sectional agitation, by repeal of the Missouri Compromise; as shown in granting to unnaturalized foreigners the right to suffrage in Kansas Nebraska; as shown in the removal of Judge Bronson from the Collectorship of New York upon false and untenable grounds as shown in the corruptions which provide some of the departments of the government as shown in disgracing meritorious naval officers through prejudice or mean caprice, and as shown in the blundering mismanagement of our foreign relations.

14th. Therefore, to remedy existing evils, and prevent the disastrous consequences otherwise resulting therefrom, we would build up the "American party" upon the principles herein before stated, eschewing all sectional questions, and uniting upon those purely national, and admitting into said party all American citizens, (referred to in the 3d, 4th, and 5th sections) who openly avowed the principles and opinions heretofore expressed, and who will subscribe their names to this platform. Provided, nevertheless, that a majority of those members present at any meeting of a local council where an application applies for membership in the American party, may, for any reason by them deemed sufficient, deny admission to such applicant.

15th. A free and open discussion of all political principles embraced in our platform.

JOSEPH H. BRADLEY, President.

JNO L. SMITH, Secretary.

Buchanan's Prospects in Colifornia.

It is a significant fact that all the law and order or anti-Vigilance papers, the San Francisco Herald included, have hoisted the nominees of the Cincinnati Convention.—Even the Globe (Dein.) which whilom was among the most rabid Vigilant organs, has turned with all its venom upon the Committee. All the Journals have less or more to say against the Democratic platform, and particularly because it does not countenance the Pacific Railroad question.

**VAN BUREN'S PLATFORM.**—In 1848, Martin Van Buren thus avowed his position;

"We inscribe on our banner, 'free soil, free speech, free labor, and free men,' and under will fight on, and fight ever, until a triumphant victory shall reward our exertions."

He is now fighting under Buchanan's banner, advocating that Mr. Buchanan's policy will enable the Free-soilers to obtain everything

From the New York Leader,  
AN APPEAL TO THE SOUTH.

To our Southern Readers—Americans  
of the south—Whigs of the South.

It is the Abolition cry North—that  
“Fillmore has no chance”—and the  
Buchanan cry South—and believing  
these two cries many honest, patriotic  
men are deposed. Now, if the fact were  
as stated, that is no reason why men  
should do wrong, or fail to do right—but  
the fact cannot be so, unless made so, by  
men’s being made the dupes of false  
curses.

This canvass presents many unusual  
points of consideration, all worthy of the  
more thought from the very novelty  
of men’s positions. Fremont, a Southern  
man, is brought up as an anti-Southern  
candidate; Buchanan a Northern man,  
is brought up as the anti-Northern  
candidate—that is, a candidate to carry out the Pierce policy in  
Kansas, and in the annexation of Cuba,  
etc., &c. The issue these two men pre-  
sent is a fatal one to the peace and pros-  
perity of the Union, because it is sectional  
and because it is certain to keep up  
war and feuds and fights. If Buchanan  
is elected, there is nothing settled—be-  
cause in every Northern State, there  
will be large majorities against him,  
when the Fillmore and Fremont vote is  
combined. These majorities will not be  
vanquished when Buchanan attempts to  
carry out the Cincinnati policy that elects  
him—but, on the contrary, will be in-  
creased by it, magnified and prolonged.  
The North is not to be subdued any more  
than the South. Buchanan must either  
betray the southern policy that elects  
him, or keep up just such feeling and agi-  
tation in the North as Pierce’s policy  
has created. Under this agitation, Southern  
institutions cannot prosper or thrive,  
for they want peace, and their policy is  
peace, and they thrive best in peace—  
whereas agitation is the natural Aboli-  
tion element.

It is very easy for us Fillmore men in  
the North to throw every Northern vote,  
we think, in every Northern State, against  
Buchanan. We have but to coalesce  
with abolition, and divid the electoral  
ticket; and the thing is done. Pennsyl-  
vania, even, Buchanan’s own State, can  
be carried against Buchanan by 30,000  
majority. But we fight this battle upon  
principle—and considering Fremont unfit  
in person, and treacherous to the Union  
in political position—we cannot, and  
will not, form coalitions, that may give  
him even apparent strength, merely to  
insure a nominal victory. Buchanan is  
weak in all the Northern States—as the  
successor of the Pierce policy, which even  
Buchanan himself, in his report to the  
Senate, admits to have been a failure.  
Fremont, Fillmore and Buchanan, and  
it is very easy to defeat him. In our  
own State of New York, he is not even a  
particular candidate, as yet; only a co-  
adjutor in theory. The battle here is real-  
ly between Pierce and Fremont, and we show  
that we think so by directing all  
our fire upon Fremont, and in fight-  
ing even the existence of Buchanan.  
Hence, if Buchanan is to receive Northern  
votes, it is only by the division to the  
opposition, and what ever electoral tickets  
he wins will disclose him to be in the  
minority.

What, then, is the policy of the South?  
To cramp down upon the North. Buchanan  
and, therefore, between Fremont and  
Buchanan—what Buchanan. In  
reply to this, first—there is no danger of  
Fremont’s election. The thing is mathematically impossible. He starts with  
fifteen Southern States dead against him,  
and in the sixteen Northern states he  
must carry about all of them, certainly  
Pennsylvania, which it is not pretended  
even that he has a chance of carrying  
against the friends of Fillmore. What  
is the duty of the Southern men, then, in  
such a crisis as this—to keep up its  
alliance with such a Northern Democracy?  
Certainly not—but, on the contrary, is it  
not its duty to ally itself with the  
constitutional conservatism of the North—  
that great American party which Millard  
Fillmore heads, and which he illustrated  
in his administration of the government,  
when President?

Fillmore is no Northerner with  
Southern principles, nor Southern man  
with Northern principles, but a sound,  
national, conservative man, of the school  
of Washington and Madison. Equity to  
the Union is his great characteristic, to  
the North as well as the South. We do  
not offer him to the South as a Southern  
man, but as a Northern man, tried and  
true to all parts of the Union, and so  
satisfying and pacifying all parts of that  
Union. He was President not of 15 slave  
States and 16 free States, but of 31 Unit-  
ions, and peace once more is returned to  
make all happy and content. Elect him  
and States, and he united all in 1850 and  
the country, & in less than 6 months the  
Kansan war will be hushed in that equity  
which will satisfy all but extremes, North  
and South, and peace will once more be  
restored to the distracted States. But  
to keep up this sectionalism of candidates  
or of men, pledged, as Buchanan is, to  
reopen old wounds and to make new  
ones, and there will be peace no more—  
nothing but prolonged bitter war of  
words, which ever ends in the clash of  
arms.

Still, truly come!—In the Northern  
states the old Hard-Shell Democrats are  
continually adjuring “ten-cent Jimmy”  
and rallying to the support of Fillmore.  
This is the case particularly in Pennsylvania.  
The names of the leaders in  
this movement are reported, but there  
are thousands upon thousands of the  
masses, quiet, honest, sober-thinking,  
Union-loving people, who have deserted  
Buchanan and determined to vote for  
Fillmore. Of this class of voters we  
shall hear something in November, when  
the party of Fillmore and Donelson and  
the Union will sweep victoriously over  
the whole nation. Among the recent  
conversions we find the following:

Hon. Chas Fraily (former Democratic  
Senator from Schuylkill county) is open-  
ly acting with the Fillmore and Dono-  
son party, and is Chairman of the Ameri-  
can Executive Committee of that coun-  
try. R. M. Palmer, Esq., former editor of a  
Democratic paper at Pottsville, is one of  
the master spirits of the Fillmore move-  
ment in Schuylkill county.

The Buchananites of Connecticut, too, are  
turning to Fillmore. The New Haven  
Journal says that no less than two hundred  
Democrats who have heretofore sup-  
ported Buchanan have subscribed to the  
new Fillmore paper to be started in Hart-  
ford, and it was further intimated that  
the Democratic paper in Waterbury was  
about to declare for Fillmore.

Hon. J. W. Thomas, a Democratic  
Electorate candidate in Georgia, declines

serving on the electoral ticket, because  
as he states, he will not vote for Buchanan.

Timothy Rives has tendered his resign-  
ation as Democratic Presidential Elec-  
tor in the Second Congressional District  
of Virginia.

#### Subscribe for the News.

Dr. Hunter’s New Medical Work,

#### THE VADE MEDECIN.

GIVING the London, Paris, and Vienna treatment,

560 pages, full color, and 160 engravings, and  
featuring all the latest diseases and weaknesses, last

coupled in reproduction, quicks, their receipts

and cures, and the secret of the art, and

its application in youth, middle age, and old age, and

its effects on all diseases of the generative system, it con-

tains copious instructions for the perfect restoration

of health, and for the cure of all diseases

arising from sedentary and depraved habits, also a

professional description illustrating the results of chemical

and electrical treatment, and for the cure of all diseases

and every disease, from syphilis, secondary

syphilis, etc., to the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure of all diseases, and the cure of all diseases, and

the cure

# THE NEWS.

CYNTHIANA KY.

THURSDAY, : : : : SEPT. 11.

A. J. MORSEY, EDITOR.

## American Nominations

FOR PRESIDENT,  
**MILLARD FILLMORE,**  
OF NEW YORK.  
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,  
**ANDREW JACKSON DONELSON,**  
OF TENNESSEE.

(STATE ELECTORAL TICKET.)

FOR THE STATE AT LARGE  
ROGER W. HANSON

AND  
JOHN W. CROCKETT.

1st congressional dist. Samuel D. Dulany.  
2d " " W. K. Kinney.  
3d " " Robert Bowling.  
4th " " W. Anderson.  
5th " " Philip Lee.  
6th " " Green Adams.  
7th " " L. J. Whately.  
8th " " A. H. Ward.  
9th " " W. S. Downey.  
10th " " W. S. Rankin.

All Right.—Dan Brigham, the gentleman, who advertised some weeks since, that he would be in Cynthiana, about the 25th of last month, and take pictures after the new fashion, has been detained at Ruddell's Mills, where he expects to stay for a short time, but will certainly be in Cynthiana, before this month expires. He has secured the right to use the mecanotype plate, and will take Ambrotypes & mecanotypes.

The attention of our readers is directed to an article published in another column, taken from the New York Express. Let every one in search of truth, read this article.

Gen. Jim Lane, who is now leading the abolition outlaws in their invasion of Kansas, was not long since democratic Lieutenant Governor of Indiana, and still more recently Democratic member of Congress from the Lawrenceburg district in that State. In Congress, he was one of the Northern Democrats who voted for the Kansas Nebraska bill, and were so much blamed by Southern Democrats for their 'soundness' on the slavery question. His soundness is now soured by the drams of abolition regiments and the discharges of Sharpe's rifles.

We notice that some of the anti-American papers of this State, have become quite astonished at the large and enthusiastic American gathering that took place at the Union meeting, held at the Ohio river, recently; and having run short of padawer for their readers, and there appearing nothing which a Union man could object to at this glorious meeting, have commenced ridiculing the idea of young ladies representing the States, as they did at the Covington Union meeting. The Sags have a perfect right to say just anything they please, but yet it looks very inconsistent for them to condemn an act in others of which they have been guilty. Perhaps some of the old Democrats of this country, remember the canvass of 1844, when Polk and Dallas were candidates, that a mass meeting was held near Cynthiana, and that a company of young ladies came from Millersburg dressed in uniform, representing each State in the Union. Some of the ladies were dressed in black, mourning for Dorr of Rhode Island, and one among them represented Dorr's widow. Such was the fact with relation to the democracy then, and we would not have spoken of it, had not the young ladies, who took part in the Union meeting at Covington, been ridiculed. Whatever the Sags do—let it be right or wrong—must be endorsed by the party; but let another party do likewise, and instantly those screechers for squatter sovereignty commences their hue and cry. What consistency.

A CARD.—Mr. A. J. WEST, of the West House, having made large preparations for his visitors, will on each night during the Fair, give Balls. The ladies are all respectfully invited to attend. No tickets of invitation will be distributed.—Menter's Silver quadrille band, has been engaged for the occasion.

The leaders of the Democratic party are becoming alarmed at the immense uprising of the people, everywhere he refused. They must have been hard run for material. This fact shows what they are, and where they are going.

"Salt river on a hard road to travel,  
But they better believe they'll take it to be  
sure, &c."

An editor out West has married a lady by the name of Church. He says he has enjoyed more happiness since he joined the Church than he ever knew in all his life before.

It seems from recent disclosures, that the Democrats tried to induce Fremont to become their candidate for the Presidency. It appears that a distinguished democrat from Virginia, after consulting the leaders of his party North and South, went to New York and offered him in behalf of the Democratic party, the nomination—saying that they wanted a new man—one who had won distinction outside of politics. Had Fremont signified his willingness to accept the nomination thus tendered him, he would in all probability have been at this time, the candidate of the Democratic party for the Presidency, and the leaders of that party followed by the rank and file would have been waving their banners, tossing up their hats and swearing that he was the most competent man for the Presidency, ever brought forward by the American people—in what a humiliating condition this places the Democratic party, it shows as plainly and palpably as anything possibly can that there is not a particle of honesty or truthfulness about any of their professions—all that intense love of the Union they prate so much about is mere mockery—lying hypocritical cant, assumed to hide their infernal scramble after the spoils of office. The reason, and the only reason why they offered Fremont the nomination was, because they thought he would be an available candidate, his want of experience and capacity to discharge the duties of the office, never entered into their considerations—to succeed was the paramount object, it mattered not by whom or by what means.—This disclosure shows the damning infamy and degradation to which the leaders of the Democratic party will stoop to retain possession of the government—what care they for the principles of Washington, of Jefferson and Madison: they have long since consigned them to a party oblivion, so deep, that there is neither virtue nor honesty enough left among the leaders to resuscitate them. They repudiate Jackson and his principles for daring to disclose the perfidy of their miserable candidate—calling him a slanderer, a vindictive old tyrant—guilty of infamy &c. They are not only traitors to the people and the government, but are recreant to the very founders of their party—in despair at seeing the spoils about to slip from their grasp, they turn their merciless fangs as it were on themselves—tear out their own vitals—their own life away. But the people have resolved that they will be no longer deceived by the specious words and fair promises of these vile traitors, they see that the Union is in danger, that the dearest and most sacred rights of the American people are being bartered away by these arch-miscreants, and they are determined

"Wait for the Waggon."

It will be seen by an advertisement in another column, that our enterprising young friend, R. S. Hopkins will run an Omnibus regularly, to and from the Fair Grounds, during the week of the Fair.—This is right. The people desire to ride and Bob is determined they shall ride.

Books, Boots, and Shoes.—The spirit of enterprise which now pervades the business community of this place, has never been surpassed in the history of the "city of the maidens." And as we have often told our business men, the trade increases with the facilities and inducements.

It has been but recently since our friend, Jno. L. Magee, embarked in the exclusive Book and Shoe trade, and it has proved lucrative. That gentleman has now imported the largest and best selected stock of Books, Hats and Shoes ever opened in this market; and every description of Books used in our schools, can be found in his store. This kind of an establishment has long been needed in Cynthiana. Those in search of an article in his line, can purchase them as cheap as at his stand as any in Cynthiana. Call and see him.

"To put a whip to every honest man's hand,  
To lash the rascals naked round the land."

When the American party came into existence, it so terrified the opposition, that they have never been in their right mind since. The anti-American party have been led off by that IGNIS-FATUUS, known as the Kansas-Nebraska bill, with all its mean and contemptible features, until they have fallen into the hands of the abolitionists. They have wandered off from their own camp fires, and got into the inextricable meshes of abolitionism. They have made a club and placed it in the hands of the fanatics to beat their own heads with. The crazy abolitionists are as anxious to keep up the excitement, now, as every honest Southern man is to allay and conciliate matters. The abolitionists and the anti-Americans try to emulate each other in heaping contempt, and disparaging every move on the part of the American party, to arrest the traitements work of SUGAR THIEVES, and anti-Americans, in their attempts to dissolve the Union.—We see that several anti-American papers in this State, have published the lyrid low-flung statements of the abolition papers at Cincinnati, with reference to the Union Fillmore meeting held at Covington, Cincinnati and Newport, recently. These disunionists finding that the meeting far exceeded everything of the kind in numbers and enthusiasm, that was ever known before, have attempted to ridicule the idea of young ladies representing the States.

The following is a summary:

Trotting match, \$1000 mile heats  
H. Woodruff, named b. in Flora Temple  
W. Penbody, named r. g. Tocony Dist Time, 2 24 $\frac{1}{2}$ .

From every quarter of Kentucky, we have cheering accounts of the prospects of Fillmore and Donelson. That same old enthusiastic spirit which has always characterized the good people of Kentucky, has become fully aroused for Fillmore. Nothing can prevent the American party from carrying this State, for the Union candidate, by at least ten thousand majority.

PORTRAITS OF PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES—We have received from the Brother Jonathan Office New York, a Sheet of Six finely engraved Portraits viz: Buchanan and Breckinridge—Fremont and Dayton—and Fillmore and Donelson. Send a 3-cent postage stamp to B. H. Day, 48 Beekman street, New York, and you will get the whole six of these Portraits free of postage. Cheap enough!

What animal has the greatest quantity of brains? The hog of course, for he has hoghead full.

It is estimated that the construction of the Bardstown and Louisville railroad will cost the sum of \$249,000.—The Company has raised the amount necessary, except about \$61,000.

## Mr. R. A. Alexander's Sale of Short-horned Cattle.

This sale, says the Frankfort Commonwealth, took place at Woodburn Farm, on Wednesday, Sept. 3. There were a goodly number of Stock-raisers present, the crowd probably numbering three or four hundred. We subjoin a list of purchases made by citizens of Harrison county.

No. 13. Young bull, Langton, roan, calved Nov. 6, 1855; got by Baron Warlaby; 1 dam Lady Gulnare. Purchased by Dr. G. H. Perrin, Cynthiana Ky., at \$600.

No. 20. Young bull, Paxton, roan, calved Dec. 25, 1855; got by 2d Duke of Athol; 1 dam Peacock. Purchased by Wm. H. Wilson, of Cynthiana, Ky., at \$510.

No. 5. Mary Ann 25th, roan, calved Sept. 28, 1854; got by 2d Duke of Athol; 1 dam Mary Ann 8th. Purchased by Gen. L. Desha, Cynthiana, Ky., at \$600.

No. 13. Miss Gray, roan, calved Dec. 31, 1855; got by Sirius; 1 dam Mary Ann 3d. Purchased by Gen. Desha, Cynthiana, Ky., at \$355.

Mr. Alexander, realized the sum of \$10,156, in the sale of 20 Bulls, 13 heifers, and 31 sheep. The prices in the

## THE FAIR!

Everybody is on "tip-toe" about the Fair. The ladies are buying a large amount of Zephyr dresses, and frill frats; and the gents have purchased all the cloth, imported. We are pleased to see such an interest manifested. Their domiciles, too, are undergoing healthy changes, in the way of refitting and embellishing. The West-House is being refurnished throughout, and the Harrison Hotel, has just been opened by George Leinenow, Esq., so that ample accommodations are made for those who may be pleased to visit Cynthiana, during our Fair. We feel confident in saying, that none need entertain any fears as to how they shall be fed &c. Our efficient directors and president, have engaged the services of Capt. Menter and his Silver Band. Everything which could please the Fair visitors, has been done. We desire our friends to remember that this is our first annual Fair, and there should be an unanimity of determination to treat all strangers in the best possible manner. We know that the hospitality of the good people of old Harrison, is proverbial throughout the State, and let us retain that good name.

STRAYED OR STOLEN!

ABOVE a month since, from the pasture of Mr. W. N. Robt, on the Henry's Mill road, **Dappled Dun**, a mare, 4 years old, about 14 hands high, docked and a good deal.

A reward of \$20 will be paid for the delivery of the mare to the lunatic asylum, Lexington.

PETER GARLAND, News-copy 22c per page.

Sept 4 '56.

NOTICE!!

ALL Persons who are owing the Estate of Jas. Bell, dec'd, are requested to come forward and settle immediately, as the owner is very much in debt. Persons who claim any interest in the estate, have the right to come forward and present them to the under-

EZA REILLY, Administrator.

NOTICE!!

WE have received the first number of 'Potter's Spirit of the Times,' published in New York, and edited by Wm. T. Potter. He is also, the editor of the 'New York Spirit of the Times,' the best turf paper in the world. His articles are very pungent and witty. The soubriquets produced by "THE SPIRIT" are very euphonous, and as this is our first introduction to this IMMORTAL SPIRIT, may we be pleased, as long as it continues to "rip."

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION, \$3.

SAM. SHY, Esq.; of Lexington, will address the people of the counties of Grant and Pendleton at the following times and places:

Cordova, Wednesday, Sept., 10.

Henry Dance's, Thursday, Sept., 11.

Jno. E. Hughes, Friday, Sept., 12.

Damascus, Saturday, Sept., 13.

Dan Ellis's Monday, Sept., 15.

Concord, Tuesday, Sept., 16.

McKinneyburg, Wednesday, Sept., 17.

Baltimore, Thursday, Sept., 18.

Wm. Bradford's, Friday, Sept., 19.

Just received, at Jno. L. Magee's a fine assortment of Hats and Caps, expressly for the Fair. Call and get a chickory Cap.

DOMESTIC LINENS,  
HOUSKEEPING GOODS,  
DRESS GOODS,  
EMBROIDERIES!  
CLOTHES, SATINETS,  
SHAWLS, MANTLES, CLOAKS  
&c., &c., &c.

We continue our extensive retail business as usual.

WM. LEE & CO.

74 West Fourth St., CINCINNATI, O.

Sept 5 '56.

HATS, CAPS, FURS.

WM. DODD & CO.

INVITE THE ATTENTION OF  
WHOESALE BUYERS

TO A COMPLETE

Fall and Winter Stock

OF

SOFT FUR, SILK AND WOOL HATS

PLUSH, CLOTH & FUR CAPS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

AND A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

LADIES' DRASS FURS

OF ALL STYLES,

Made up in the best manner, of good

skins, from the highest to the lowest

grades.

FUR GLOVES,

BUFFALO AND INDIAN ROBES.

No. 114 Main Street.

East Side below 4th Street.

Sept 11 '56.

NOTICE!!

THE property belonging to Jas. W. C. Morris and Miss A. Curran, in the name of the Law & Harrison family, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent; and we desire now that all persons owing said firm, will make immediate payment.

Sept 11 '56.

T. C. CURRAN.

Public Sale.

OF BOURBON LAND,

340 acres of Bourbon Land on Wednesdays, the 23rd day of October.

In order to effect a division of the land, and to sell the same in the highest possible price, we have determined to take place on the premises on the day mentioned between the hours of ten and twelve o'clock.

Persons desirous of inspecting the premises, or of purchasing, are invited to do so, and to pay a sum not exceeding \$100.00 for each acre.

Persons desirous of purchasing, are invited to do so, and to pay a sum not exceeding \$100.00 for each acre.

Persons desirous of purchasing, are invited to do so, and to pay a sum not exceeding \$100.00 for each acre.

Persons desirous of purchasing, are invited to do so, and to pay a sum not exceeding \$100.00 for each acre.

Persons desirous of purchasing, are invited to do so, and to pay a sum not exceeding \$100.00 for each acre.

Persons desirous of purchasing, are invited to do so, and to pay a sum not exceeding \$100.00 for each acre.

Persons desirous of purchasing, are invited to do so, and to pay a sum not exceeding \$100.00 for each acre.

Persons desirous of purchasing, are invited to do so, and to pay a sum not exceeding \$100.00 for each acre.

Persons desirous of purchasing, are invited to do so, and to pay a sum not exceeding \$100.00 for each acre.

Persons desirous of purchasing, are invited to do so, and to pay a sum not exceeding \$100.00 for each acre.

Persons desirous of purchasing, are invited to do so, and to pay a sum not exceeding \$100.00 for each acre.

Persons desirous of purchasing, are invited to do so, and to pay a sum not exceeding \$100.00 for each acre.

Persons desirous of purchasing, are invited to do so, and to pay a sum not exceeding \$100.00 for each acre.

Persons desirous of purchasing, are invited to do so, and to pay a sum not

